MODEL 7372A REGULATED DC POWER SUPPLY OPERATION MANUAL

KIKUSUĮ ELECTRONICS CORP.

Power Requirements of this Product

Power requirements of this product have been of Manual should be revised accordingly. (Revision should be applied to items indicated)	changed and the relevant sections of the Operation d by a check mark ☑.)
☐ Input voltage	
The input voltage of this product is to	VAC, VAC. Use the product within this range only.
☐ Input fuse	
The rating of this product's input fuse is	A,VAC, and
WAI	RNING
	k, always disconnect the AC he switch on the switchboard k or replace the fuse.
characteristics suitable for with a different rating or o	naving a shape, rating, and rethis product. The use of a fuse one that short circuits the fuse electric shock, or irreparable
☐ AC power cable	
	ables described below. If the cable has no power plug nals to the cable in accordance with the wire color
*	RNING error plug or crimp-style terminals alified personnel.
☐ Without a power plug	☐ Without a power plug
Blue (NEUTRAL)	White (NEUTRAL)
Brown (LIVE)	Black (LIVE)
Green/Yellow (GND)	Green or Green/Yellow (GND)
☐ Plugs for USA	☐ Plugs for Europe
	G. C.
Provided by Kikusui agents Kikusui agents can provide you with s For further information, contact your k	
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1. General

Model 7372A is a series control type regulated DC power supply that used transistors. The output voltage is finely and continuously adjustable over a range of 5 to 300 V with a 10-turn potentiometer, and a maximum output current of 0.15 A is obtainable. Provided with a voltmeter and an ammeter on the front panel, Model 7372A is compact, lightweight power supply.

When an overload or output shorting occurs, the output current limiting circuit operates without fail, The limit current can be set to a desired value within a range of 10 to 100% of the maximum rated value. Thus, Model 7372A can also be used as a constant current power supply.

Two or more Model 7372A can be operated in series, and two Model 7372A in parallel.

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2. Specifications

Input

V, 50 / 60 Hz

Approx. 85 VA (at 300 V, 0.15 A

output for full load)

Ambient Temperature

40°C max.

Dimensions

106 mm width, 145 mm heights 301 mm 10

depth

Maximum: 111 mm width, 158 mm heights

345 mm depth

Four Model 7372As can be mounted

side by side on a 19" or 500-mm

standard rack.

Weight

Approx. 5 Kgs

Accessories Supplied

Short bar

1

Operation manual

Output

Terminals

Arranged 19 mm apart in equilateral

triangle, colored in red, white

and black, respectively

Polarity

Positive or negative

Floating Voltage

Up to \pm 600 V to chassis

Voltage

5 to 300 V continuously variable

Current

0.15 A

Ripple

3 mVrms

Regulation

40 mV when input voltage change of $\pm 10\%$;

60 mV when load voltage change of to 300 V, and current 0 to 0.15A (The circuitry is designed for compensating for the voltage drop in the ammeter.)

0.015 to 0.15 A continuously

Current limit
(voltage current
 automatic crossover
 type)

Variable

Voltmeter

300 V (accuracy: 2.5% of full

scale)

Ammeter

0.16 A (accuracy: 2.5% of full

scale)

Insulation

DC 1000 V between chassis and output terminal

more than 10 $M\Omega$

DC 1000 V between chassis and input circuit

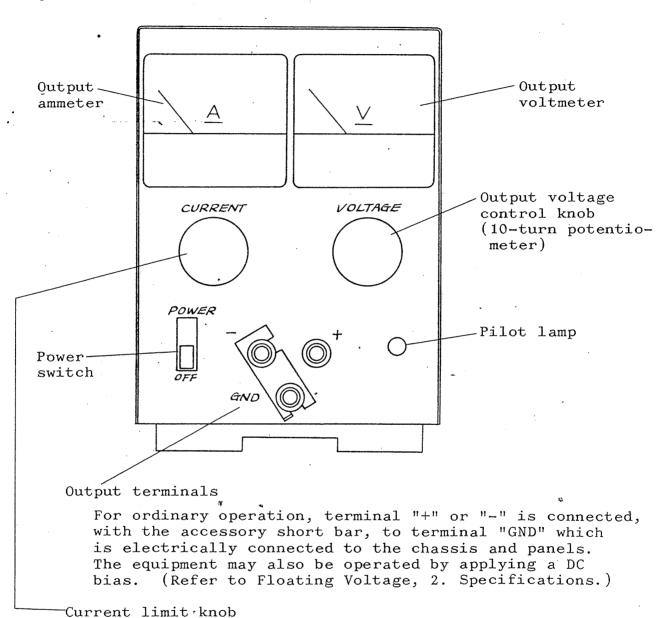
more than 50 $M\Omega$

Multiple Operation

Two or more units can be operated in series, and two in parallel.

3. Front and Rear Panels

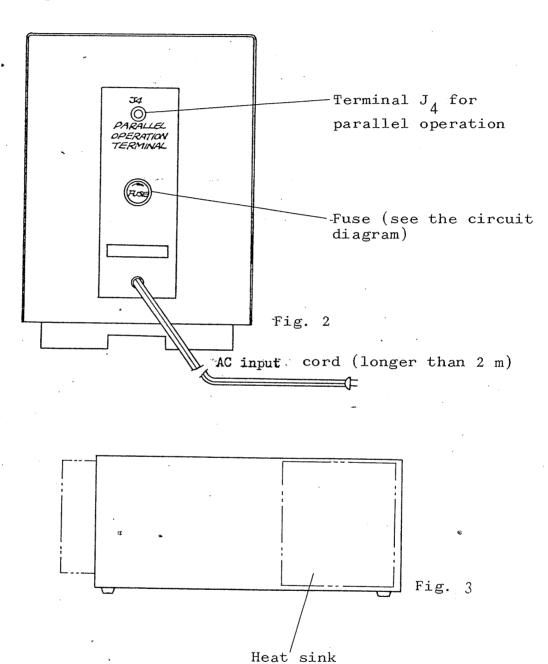
3.1 Front Panel



Limits the output current within a range of 10 to 100% of the maximum rated value. Within this range, the equipment can be used as a constant current power supply.

Fig. 1

3.2 Rear panel



The heat sink must be well ventilated when the equipment is operated for an output of a low voltage and a current close to the maximum value.

4. Use

- 4.1 Operation
- 4.1.1 Single operation
 - ·When using one Model 7372A, no special preparation is nesessary.

4:1.2 Series operation

A higher output voltage can be obtained by connecting two or more Model 7372As in series. In this case, the voltage at each output terminal to the panels and chassis should not exceed the floating voltage.

When two Model 7372As are connected in series, twice the output voltage of one Model 7372A and the same amount of current as that of one Model 7372A can be obtained.

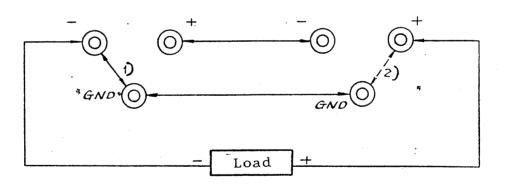


Fig. 4

Connect the GND terminal as indicated with

1) Solid line in Fig. 4 for negative grounding

- 2) Dotted line in Fig. 4 for positive grounding
 Be sure to connect the GND terminals for the same
 polarity.
- When the two or more Model 7372As connected in series are overloaded, one Model 7372A whose protective circuit operated first would be applied with the output voltages of othe Model 7372As in the reverse direction, and the series control elements of that Model 7372A would be damaged, To prevent this, a diode is connected between the output terminals of each Model 7372A as shown in Fig. 5.

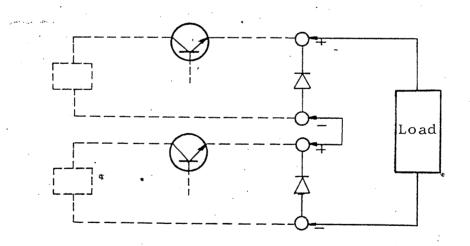


Fig. 5

4.1.4 Parallel operation

When using two Model 7372As in parallel operation for

obtaining twice the current of one Model 7372A, follow the instructions below after both power switches turned off. In parallel operation, one of the Model 7372As operates as the master equipment and the other as the slave equipment. Bothe the output voltage and current are controlled on the master equipment.

- (1) Remove the parforated panel of the Models 7372As, and set the slide switch on the printed board from "MASTER" to "SLAVE" position. This Model 7372A will operate as the slave equipment.
- (2) Connect the PARALLEL OPERATION TERMINAL J4 on the rear panel of the slave to its counterpart of the other Model 7372A to be used as the master equipment.
- (3) Set the two knobs of the slave to the maximum position by rotating it fully clockwise.
- (4) Replace the parforated panel of the slave, and turn on the power switches of both the master and slave. The output voltage and current can be changed as desired by using the control knobs of the master.

 The output current limit can be set as desired within a range of 10 to 100% of twice the maximum rated value. The short bars of the master and slave must be connected for the same polarity, for positive or negative grounding.

Never connect the bars for different polarities, (See Fig. 6)

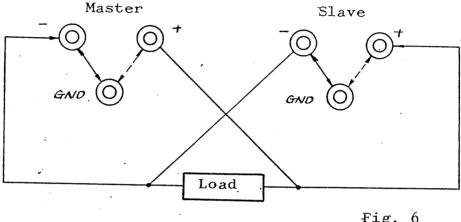


Fig. 6

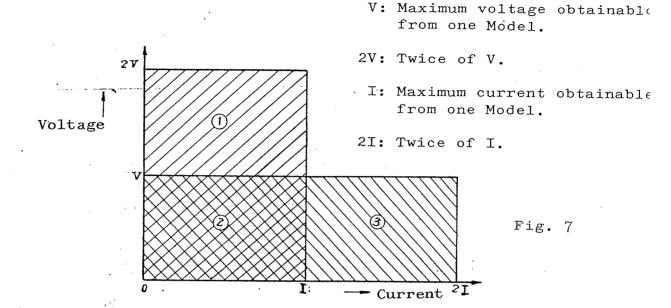
More than two Model 7372As cannot be connected for parallel operation.

Model 7372A cannot, in principle, be combined with other model for parallel operation.

When using the Model 7372A, which has been used as a slave equipment, by itself, be sure to reset the slide switch on the printed board from "SLAVE" to $\ddot{}$ "MASTER" position. Otherwise, the output will not be supplied to the output terminals.

The voltage and current ranges obtainable from one Model 7372A, from two Model 7372As in series operation and from two Model 7372As in parallel operation are

shown in Fig. 7.



One Model

Within area (2)

Two Models in series

operation

Within area (1) + area (2)

Two Models in parallel

operation

Within area (1) + area (2)

4.2 Place of installation

Avoid using Model 7372A where the ambient temperature exceeds 40°C.

Limit the continous maximum output current as appropriate when the equipment is not well ventilated, or exposed to direct sunlight or heat radiation.

Model 7372A stably operates at an input voltage within

a range of 90 to 110% of the rated value.

4.3 Overshoot of output voltage

Model 7372A is designed not to generate a voltage higher than the preset value between the output terminals when the power switch is turned on or off.

4.4 Voltage drop in ammeter

The circuitry of Model 7372A is designed to compensate for the voltage drop caused by the output ammeter.

4.5 Current limiting circuit

To protect series control elements, output ammeter and other parts from damage when the output terminals are accidentally shorted, Mode 7372A is provided with an electronic, trouble-free output current limiting circuit which controls the output current not to exceed the rated value.

The output current limit is continuously variable as desired within a range of 10 to 100% of the maximum rated value. When the output current reaches the value preset, Model 7372A operates as a constant current power supply.

When the output current decreases to lower than the value preset, Model 7372A operates as a constant voltage power supply automatically and continuously.

(See Fig. 8.)

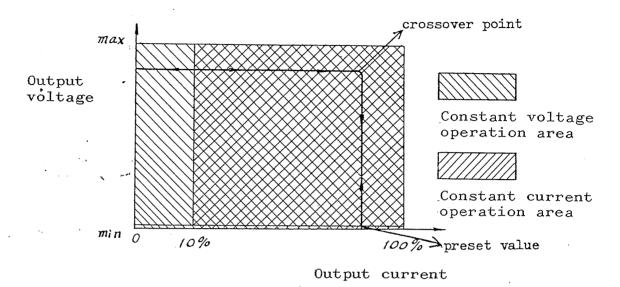


Fig. 8

5. Maintenance

When a faulty part has been replaced or the output voltage has deviated, conduct the following adjustments:

5.1 0 V adjustment

Turn the voltage control knob on the front panel fully counterclockwise, and adjust the semi-fixed resistor on the printed board (on the circuit pattern side; marked ① in Fig. 9) so that the voltage between output terminals is approximately 0 V. After conducting the maximum voltage adjustment (Item 5.2 below), readjust this voltage to be within a range of ±0.5 V.

5.2 Maximum voltage adjustment

Turn the voltage control knob on the front panel fully clockwise, and adjust the semi-fixed resistor on the printed board (on the side more parts are located; marked ② in Fig. 9) so that the voltage between output terminals is the rated maximum voltage.

Repeat the above adjustments (Items 5.1 and 5.2) a few times alternately.

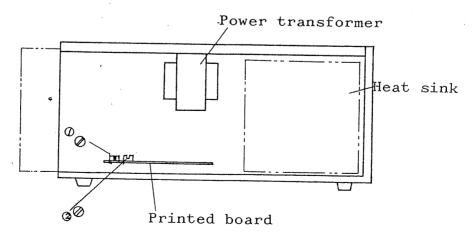


Fig. 9